



Test Report

DATE ISSUED: 11 January 2023

DEVICE TESTED: AusProof 6.6 kV / 8.7 kV 800 A Coupler

RANGE NUUMBERS: 64BKA, 64BKAFO, 64BKAE, 8KA, 8KAFO,

8KAKEY, 8KAMT 8KAMTE, 8KAE

CLIENT'S NAME: AusProof Pty Ltd

6 Shona Avenue

Gladstone

Queensland 4680

Australia

CLIENT'S REFERENCE: Email: Clinton Taylor

TEST SPECIFICATION: Client specification including references to

AS/NZS 1300, AS/NZS 1299, C22.2 No 298, AS/NZS 1802, AS/NZS 2802 and IEEE 404

DATE OF TEST COMPLETION: 23 December 2022

SUMMARY OF RESULTS: The sample device tested complied with the

requirements of the above test specification.





All tests reported herein have been performed in accordance with the Laboratory's scope of accreditation, Accreditation Number: 42 IANZ Signatory: K Manson

Checked By: G I Dix

International Accreditation New Zealand (IANZ) has a Mutual Recognition Arrangement (MRA) with the National Association of Testing Authorities (NATA), Australia, such that both organizations recognize accreditations by IANZ and NATA as being equivalent. Users of inspection reports / certificates are recommended to accept inspection reports / certificates in the name of either accrediting body.

PowerLab Limited, PO Box 31034 Christchurch 8444 New Zealand, 5 Sheffield Crescent Christchurch New Zealand, Info@powerlab.co.nz. This Report must not be quoted except in full.



Testing notes

The following personnel were present during testing:

Laboratory staff: K Manson and G I Dix

Tests Performed

Test number	Test	Standard/Clause	Test value
1	Phase to phase + earth AC 50 Hz 6 hours	C22.2 No. 298 AS/NZS 1299 AS/NZS 1300 AS/NZS 1802 AS/NZS 2802 IEEE 404	22 kV for 6 hours
2	Pilot to earth 50 Hz	AS/NZS 1300 AS/NZS 1299	1000 V for 1 minute
3	Impulse	AS/NZS 1300 AS/NZS 1299 AS/NZS 2802 IEEE 404 C22.2 No. 298	75 kV and 95 kV
4	Partial Discharge	AS/NZS 1300 AS/NZS 1299 C22.2 No. 298	Inception and extinction 10% greater than 5.03 kV, Max 100 pC
5	Ingress protection	AS 60529	IP68
6	Short circuit test (phase)	AS/NZS 1300 AS/NZS 1299 C22.2 No. 298	20 kA for 1.0 s
7	Bonding (earth) path current test	C22.2 No. 298	5.01 kA for 9 s
8	Temperature rise	ASNZS1300 ASNZS1299 C22.2 No. 298	800 A

Test Laboratory Atmospheric Conditions

Temperature 20 (±4)°C. Pressure 100 (±5) kPa (Approximate height above local sea level is 30 m).

Laboratory Equipment

Ferranti inverted Marx impulse generator configured with 3 stages rated at 100 kV, 0.24 μF per stage;



Laboratory manufactured adjustable transfer, tail and front resistors;

Laboratory manufactured impulse generator control and firing equipment;

Haefely 600 kV peak capacitor voltage divider/chopping gap;

Haefely 64M Impulse Peak Voltmeter;

Manually set 25cm sphere-gap;

Biddle balanced partial discharge detector 665700 (Zm, PDS)

Biddle partial discharge system master calibrator 6617250

Oscilloscope

Heafely 2000 pF discharge free 200 kV capacitor (Ck).

Hipotronics 150 kV 150 kVA ac dielectric test set

Resistive voltage divider and true RMS indicator (Hipotronics KVM300)

Fluke 287 DVM

Tektronix TDS3034 Four Channel digitizing oscilloscope;

11 kV/440 V short circuit transformer

20,000/5 CT

Laboratory constructed point on wave switch

Inductors and Resistors

Laboratory manufactured current viewing resistor; and

Miscellaneous laboratory equipment including: assman hygrometer, barometer, and a mercury-in-glass thermometer.

Agilent 34970A data acquisition system

Measurement Uncertainties

Refer to the Laboratory accreditation details at www.ianz.govt.nz for information on measurement uncertainty.

Coupler test connection, terminations and fittings

The sample coupler assemblies tested were terminated with Client supplied cables and fittings

Although these are required for testing, they are not considered to be part of the sample device tested.



Test procedures, Results

1. AC Voltage withstand test (phase conductors)

The specified test voltage was applied between the specified conductors and the coupler body using a Hipotronics 150 kV 150 kVA ac dielectric test set operated from the laboratory mains supply. The voltage was measured using a resistive voltage divider and true RMS indicator (Hipotronics KVM300). A stopwatch was used to monitor time of application.

22 kV rms was applied between the conductors and the coupler body for a period of 6 hours.

During the high voltage test no disruptive discharges, - flashovers or insulation punctures were noted.

The insulation resistance was greater than 1 G Ω , each phase to earth.

Result: Complies

2. AC Voltage withstand test (pilot conductors)

The specified test voltage was applied between the specified conductors and the coupler body using a Hipotronics 150 kV 150 kVA ac dielectric test set operated from the laboratory mains supply. The voltage was measured using a resistive voltage divider and true RMS indicator (Hipotronics KVM300). A stopwatch was used to monitor time of application.

1 kV rms was applied between the pilot conductor and the coupler body for a period of 1 minute.

During the high voltage test no disruptive discharges, - flashovers or insulation punctures were noted.

Result: Complies

3. Partial discharge test

The specified test voltage was applied between the conductors and the coupler body using a Hipotronics 150 kV 150 kVA ac dielectric test set operated from the laboratory mains supply. The voltage was measured using a resistive voltage divider and true RMS indicator (Hipotronics KVM300).

Discharge levels were measured using a Biddle balanced bridge discharge detector. The bridge was balanced according to the bridge manufacturer's instructions. The measurements system was calibrated by injecting a known discharge between the conductor and the cable sheath. The system calibration was checked at 10 pC and at 100 pC. Background discharge levels were recorded. Discharge levels were measured using an oscilloscope and the bridge meter.



Background discharge level was less than 1 pC

	Voltage	Discharge
	(kV)	Level
		30 pC
Inception	8.5	after
		inception
		< 1 pC
Extinction	8.2	after
		extinction

Result: Complies

4. Impulse test

A Ferranti impulse generator with a Haefley voltage divider and peak voltmeter was used. The wave shape was adjusted by means of interchangeable front and tail resistors to be within the allowed tolerances.

Ten impulses of each polarity were applied as specified in the Standard. Each impulse was monitored by digital comparison with a stored reference.

The applied impulse was monitored using a Tektronix digitising oscilloscope.

Wave shape was 1.0/43 µs. Refer to oscillogram included in this report

The test voltage was 75 kV peak.

The test was then repeated with a test voltage of 95 kV peak

During the application the 75 kV impulses no disruptive discharges, flashovers or insulation punctures were noted.

Result (75 kV): Complies

During the application the 95 kV impulses no disruptive discharges, flashovers or insulation punctures were noted. Refer to Figure 1.

Result (95 kV): Complies



5. Ingress Protection

Two sample couplers were assessed according to AS 60529 to determine compliance with IP 68.

CI 13.3	Ingress of Solid Objects Test (AS 60529)								
Ingress Test Performed	Location of probe applied	Force applied (N)	Clearance measured	Verdict					
	Unit 1								
IP1X	Enclosure Ends, Cable Rubber Entry, Bungs, Cover Cap.	50	No entry/damage	Р					
IP2X	Enclosure Ends, Cable Rubber Entry, Bungs, Cover 30 No entry/damage								
IP3X	Enclosure Ends, Cable Rubber Entry, Bungs, Cover Cap.	s, Cable Rubber Entry, Bungs, Cover 3 No entry/damage							
IP4X	Enclosure Ends, Cable Rubber Entry, Bungs, Cover Cap.	No entry/damage	Р						
	Unit 1								
IP1X	Enclosure Ends, Cable Rubber Entry, Bungs.	50	No entry/damage	Р					
IP2X	Enclosure Ends, Cable Rubber Entry, Bungs.	nclosure Ends, Cable Rubber Entry, Bungs. 30 No entry/damage		Р					
IP3X	Enclosure Ends, Cable Rubber Entry, Bungs. 3 No entry/damage								
IP4X	Enclosure Ends, Cable Rubber Entry, Bungs.	1	No entry/damage	Р					

CI 13.6	Ingre	Ingress of Dust Test (AS 60529)							
EUT identification	n	Degree of protection (Dust)	Duration of test (hr)	Ambient temperature (°C)	EUT ambient (°C)	Verdict			
Unit 1		IP6X	2.6	24.6	31.9	Р			
Unit 2		IP6X	2.6	22.6	29.6	Р			

CI 14.3	Ingre	Ingress of Water Test (AS 60529)							
EUT identification	า	Degree of protection (Water)	Depth of EUT from surface (m)	Duration of test (min)	Ambient temperature (°C)	Water Ambient temperature (°C)	Verdict		
Unit 1		IPX8	1.0	60.0	23.8	22.2	Р		
Unit 2		IPX8	1.0	60.0	23.0	22.8	Р		

Result



6. Short-circuit (though-fault) test

The device was subjected to the test currents by use of a step down three phase transformer and inductors from an 11 kV supply and a phase controlled on switch and time controlled off circuit breaker:

Test 20 kA 0.2 s

Results: 0.22 s, 21.8 kA, n=2.0 (power factor = 0.3), 50 Hz, mean of 3 tests applied with 10 minutes between. Refer to Figure 2.

Test 20 kA 1.0 s

Results: 1.03 s, 20.8 kA, n=2.0 (power factor = 0.3), 50 Hz. Refer to Figure 3.

After current applications, there were no visible disturbance, pitting or burning.

Result

7. Bonding (earth) path current test

The earth continuity circuit was subjected to the following current waveform by use of a step down transformer and inductors from an 11kV supply and a phase controlled on switch and time controlled off circuit breaker:

Test 5.01 kA for 9 s

Results: 9.3 s, 5.0 kA, n=1.9, 50 Hz. Refer to Figure 4.

The earth continuity was measured on test completion.

After the current application the measured continuity was 0.0001 Ω .

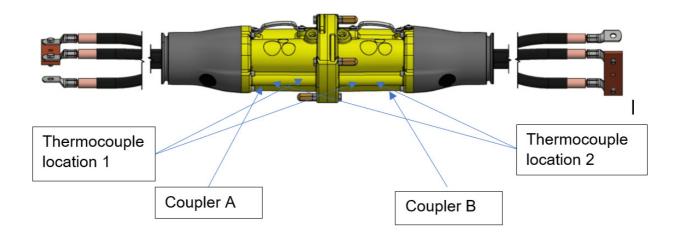
Result

8 Temperature rise

All conductors were connected in series and thermocouples were placed as required by Clause 3.3.8.4 of ASNZS 1300.

Thermocouple locations included:

- (a) Main contact adjacent to connecting device (1)
- (b) Main contact adjacent to cable conductor (2)
- (c) Cable conductor 1 m from cable gland



Location	Coupler	Thermocouple location	Phase ID
Α	Α	1	White
В	Α	2	White
С	Α	1	Blue
D	Α	2	Blue
Е	Α	1	Red
F	Α	2	Red
G	В	1	Blue
Н	В	2	Blue
1	В	1	Red
J	В	2	Red
K	В	1	White
L	В	2	White

A current of 800 A was passed through the test object until the temperature variation did not exceed 2 K/h.

Location	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L
Rise	40	38	40	36	37	39	37	38	37	37	42	39
Difference from cable	9	7	8	5	5	8	6	7	6	5	10	8

(Values are degrees Kelvin)

Result

Oscillograms

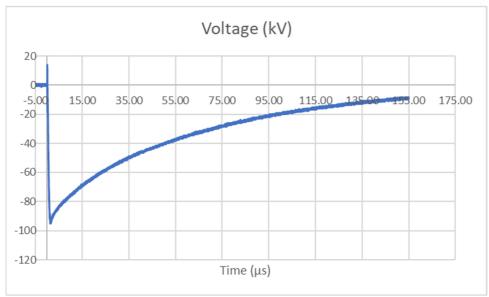


Figure 1. Last 95 kV impulse

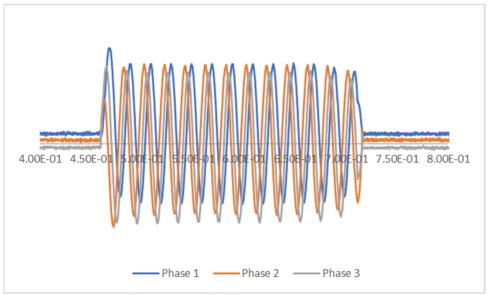


Figure 2. 20 kA for 0.2 s short circuit test number 3

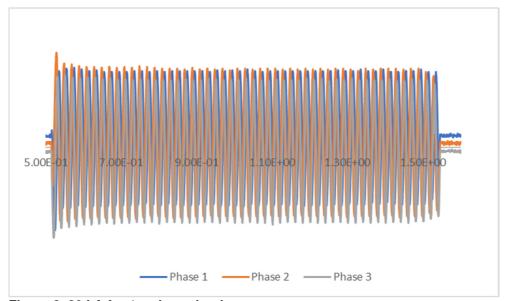


Figure 3. 20 kA for 1 s short circuit test



Figure 4. 5 kA for 9 s short circuit test



Pictures:



Picture 1 General view of coupler





Picture 2 View of main contacts





Picture 3 Coupler in dust test





Picture 4 Coupler in 1 m water





Picture 5 Contacts after short circuit test



Picture 6 Contacts after short circuit test



Drawings:

List of drawings:

No	Drawing No.	Title	Revision	Date
1	IN6.6/8.7CON	Cable coupler and components	1	26/07/2021
2	IN6.6/8.7CON1	Contact Pin	1	26/07/2021
3	IN6.6/8.7CON2	Contact Tube	1	26/07/2021
4	IN6.6/8.7CON3	Contact Tube Insulator	1	26/07/2021
5	IN6.6/8.7CON4	Contact Pin Insulator	1	26/07/2021
6	IN6.6/8.7CON5	Housing	1	26/07/2021
7	IN6.6/8.7CON6	Pilot Insulator	1	26/07/2021
8	IN6.6/8.7CON7	Pilot Pin/Tube	1	26/07/2021

